

Goodwill Industries of Northwest North Carolina, Inc.

Teladoc Plan - Summary Plan Description

BENEFITS ADMINSTERED BY: Teladoc; COBRA BY: UMR

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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to provide You and Your covered Dependents, if any, with summary information on benefits available under this Plan as well as information on a Covered Person's rights and obligations under the GOODWILL INDUSTRIES OF NORTHWEST NORTH CAROLINA INC Teladoc plan ("The Plan").

The employer assumes the sole responsibility for funding the Plan benefits out of general assets; Employees do not cover any of the costs of this plan directly. All claim payments and reimbursements are paid out of the general assets of the employer and there is no separate fund that is used to pay promised benefits. The Plan is intended to comply with and be governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and its amendments.

A Glossary of Terms is included (many capitalized words in this document have a specific meaning).

This document summarizes the benefits and limitations of the Plan and is known as a Summary Plan Description ("SPD"). It is being furnished to You in accordance with ERISA.

PLAN INFORMATION

Plan Name	GOODWILL INDUSTRIES OF NORTHWEST NORTH CAROLINA INC GROUP BENEFIT PLAN
Name And Address Of Employer	GOODWILL INDUSTRIES OF NORTHWEST NORTH CAROLINA INC 2701 UNIVERSITY PKWY WINSTON-SALEM NC 27105
Name, Address And Phone Number Of Plan Administrator	GOODWILL INDUSTRIES OF NORTHWEST NORTH CAROLINA INC 2701 UNIVERSITY PKWY WINSTON-SALEM NC 27105 336-724-3621
Named Fiduciary	GOODWILL INDUSTRIES OF NORTHWEST NORTH CAROLINA INC
Employer Identification Number Assigned By The IRS	56-0588474
Plan Number Assigned By The Plan	
Type Of Benefit Plan Provided	Phone support for minor medical events (excepted benefit/ non group health plan)
Type Of Administration	The administration of the Plan is under the supervision of the Plan Administrator. The Plan is not financed by an insurance company and benefits are not guaranteed by a contract of insurance. Teladoc provides administrative services and UMR provides COBRA administration services.
Name And Address Of Agent For Service Of Legal Process	GOODWILL INDUSTRIES OF NORTHWEST NORTH CAROLINA INC 2701 UNIVERSITY PKWY WINSTON-SALEM NC 27105 Services of legal process may also be made upon the Plan Administrator.
Funding Of The Plan	Employer Contributions

Benefit Plan Year	Benefits begin on January 1 and end on the following December 31. For new Employees and Dependents, a Benefit Plan Year begins on the individual's Effective Date and runs through December 31 of the same Benefit Plan Year.
ERISA Plan Year	January 1 through December 31
ERISA And Other Federal Compliance	It is intended that this Plan meet all applicable requirements of ERISA and other federal regulations. In the event of any conflict between this Plan and ERISA or other federal regulations, the provisions of ERISA and the federal regulations shall be deemed controlling, and any conflicting part of this Plan shall be deemed superseded to the extent of the conflict.
Discretionary Authority	The Plan Administrator shall perform its duties as the Plan Administrator and in its sole discretion, shall determine appropriate courses of action in light of the reason and purpose for which this Plan is established and maintained. In particular, the Plan Administrator shall have full and sole discretionary authority to interpret all plan documents, including this SPD, and make all interpretive and factual determinations as to whether any individual is entitled to receive any benefit under the terms of this Plan. Any construction of the terms of any plan document and any determination of fact adopted by the Plan Administrator shall be final and legally binding on all parties, except that the Plan Administrator has delegated certain responsibilities to the Third Party Administrators for this Plan. Any interpretation, determination or other action of the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrators shall be subject to review only if a court of proper jurisdiction determines its action is arbitrary or capricious or otherwise a clear abuse of discretion. Any review of a final decision or action of the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrators shall be based only on such evidence presented to or considered by the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrators at the time it made the decision that is the subject of review. Accepting any benefits or making any claim for benefits under this Plan constitutes agreement with and consent to any decisions that the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrators make, in its sole discretion, and further, means that the Covered Person consents to the limited standard and scope of review afforded under law.

DESCRIPTION OF COVERAGE

The Teladoc benefit provides online health information and telephone consultation regarding medical concerns, including advice, referral and prescription of medications by a Physician.

The Physician will provide medical advice to the employee as best as possible based on the medical information that the employee provides through online medical questionnaires and telephone interviews.

The Physician will only be able to advise and prescribe medications in such cases where the Physician's professional medical opinion is that the Employee does not require immediate medical treatment by an in-person provider. In some cases, the Physician will refer the employee to visit a doctor of their choice for an in-person examination following initial medical advice.

INDIVIDUAL ANNUAL MAXIMUM BENEFIT

There is no maximum benefit on this plan. Employees may call Teladoc with benefits questions any number of times while covered by the plan for themselves or any specified dependents (up to 4).

ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT PROCEDURES

Eligible Employees (see eligibility requirements below) of the Company will automatically be enrolled in this plan. However, in order to make use of the benefits, they must contact Teladoc and register, providing any requested demographic or medical information. Employees may enroll online or by phone, but dependents must be enrolled over the phone by the employee.

WAITING PERIOD

If eligible, You must complete a Waiting Period before coverage becomes effective for You and Your Dependents. A Waiting Period is a period of time that must pass before an Employee or Dependent becomes eligible for coverage under the terms of this Plan.

You are eligible for coverage on the first of the month coinciding with or following one month of continuous full time service.

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

An **eligible Employee** is a person who is classified by the employer on both payroll and personnel records as an Employee who regularly works for the employer, but for purposes of this Plan, it does not include the following classifications of workers as determined by the employer in its sole discretion:

- Temporary or leased employees who are not paid wages directly by Goodwill.
- A Goodwill paid client/participant.
- An Independent Contractor who signs an agreement with the employer as an Independent Contractor or other Independent Contractors as defined in this document.
- A consultant who is paid on other than a regular wage or salary by the employer.
- A member of the employer's Board of Directors, an owner, partner, or officer, unless engaged in the conduct of the business on a full-time regular basis.

For purposes of this Plan, eligibility requirements are used only to determine a person's initial eligibility for coverage under this Plan. An Employee may retain eligibility for coverage under this Plan if the Employee is temporarily absent on an approved leave of absence, with the expectation of returning to work following the approved leave as determined by the employer's leave policy. The employer's classification of an individual is conclusive and binding for purposes of determining eligibility under this Plan. No reclassification of a person's status, for any reason, by a third-party, whether by a court, governmental agency or otherwise, without regard to whether or not the employer agrees to such reclassification, shall change a person's eligibility for benefits.

An **eligible Dependent** includes:

- Your legal spouse who is a husband or wife of the opposite sex in accordance with the federal Defense of Marriage Act provided he or she is not covered as an Employee under this Plan. For purposes of eligibility under this Plan, a legal spouse does not include a Common-Law Marriage spouse, even if such partnership is recognized as a legal marriage in the state in which the couple resides. An eligible Dependent does not include an individual from whom You have obtained a legal separation or divorce. Documentation on a Covered Person's marital status may be required by the Plan Administrator.
- A Dependent Child that resides in the United States until the Child reaches his or her 26th birthday. The term "**Child**" includes the following Dependents:
 - A natural biological Child;
 - A step Child;
 - A legally adopted Child or a Child legally Placed for Adoption as granted by action of a federal, state or local governmental agency responsible for adoption administration or a court of law if the Child has not attained age 26 as of the date of such placement;
 - A Child under Your (or Your spouse's) permanent Legal Guardianship as ordered by a court;
 - A Child who is considered an alternate recipient under a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO).
- A Dependent does not include the following:
 - A Child who is under the age of 26, who is eligible for group health benefits under his or her employer or his or her spouse's employer;
 - A foster Child;
 - A Child of a Domestic partner or under Your Domestic Partner's Legal Guardianship;

- A grandchild;
- Domestic Partners.
- A Dependent Child if the Child is covered as a Dependent of another Employee at this company.

NON-DUPLICATION OF COVERAGE: Any person who is covered as an eligible Employee shall not also be considered an eligible Dependent under this Plan.

RIGHT TO CHECK A DEPENDENT'S ELIGIBILITY STATUS: The Plan reserves the right to check the eligibility status of a Dependent at any time throughout the year. You and Your Dependent have a notice obligation to notify the Plan should the Dependent's eligibility status change throughout the Plan year. Please notify Your Human Resources Department regarding status changes.

EXTENDED COVERAGE FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN

A Dependent Child may be eligible for extended Dependent coverage under this Plan under the following circumstances:

- The Dependent Child was covered by this Plan on the day before the Child's 26th birthday; or
- The Dependent Child is a Dependent of an Employee newly eligible for the Plan; or
- The Dependent Child is eligible due to a Special Enrollment event or a Qualifying Status Change event, as outlined in the Section 125 Plan.

and the Dependent Child fits the following category:

- If You have a Dependent Child covered under this Plan who is under the age of 26 and Totally Disabled, either mentally or physically, that Child's coverage may continue beyond the day the Child would cease to be a Dependent under the terms of this Plan. You must submit written proof that the Child is Totally Disabled within 30 calendar days after the day coverage for the Dependent would normally end. The Plan may, for two years, ask for additional proof at any time, after which the Plan can ask for proof not more than once a year. Coverage can continue subject to the following minimum requirements:
 - The Dependent must not be able to hold a self-sustaining job due to the disability; and
 - Proof must be submitted as required; and
 - The Employee must still be covered under this Plan.

A Totally Disabled Dependent Child older than 26 who loses coverage under this Plan may not re-enroll in the Plan under any circumstances.

Employees have the right to choose which eligible Dependents are covered under the Plan.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF EMPLOYEE'S COVERAGE

Your coverage will begin on the first of the month following or coincident with the end of a month waiting period based upon the date You become a member of the eligible class.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE FOR YOUR DEPENDENTS

Your Dependent's coverage will be effective on the date that Your coverage is effective.

TERMINATION

EMPLOYEE'S COVERAGE

Your coverage under this Plan will end on the earliest of:

- The date this Plan is canceled; or
- The date coverage for Your benefit class is canceled; or
- The day of the month in which You are no longer a member of a covered class, or
- The day of the month in which Your employment ends; or

- The date You attempt to cover a dependent who is not covered in the dependent class or are involved in any other form of fraudulent act related to this Plan or any other group plan.

YOUR DEPENDENT'S COVERAGE

Coverage for Your Dependent will end on the earliest of the following:

- The day of the month in which Your coverage ends except in the event that the Employee dies, coverage for the Dependent can continue until the end of the month; or
- The day of the month in which Your Dependent is no longer Your legal spouse due to legal separation or divorce, as determined by the law of the state where the Employee resides; or
- The end of the month in which Your Dependent Child attains the limiting age listed under the Eligibility section, unless the Child qualifies for Extended Dependent Coverage; or
- If Your Dependent Child qualifies for Extended Dependent Coverage as Totally Disabled, the day of the month in which Your Dependent Child is no longer deemed Totally Disabled under the terms of the Plan; or
- The date Dependent coverage is no longer offered under this Plan; or
- The day of the month in which You tell the Plan to cancel Your Dependent's coverage if You are voluntarily canceling it while remaining eligible; or
- The day of the month in which the Dependent becomes covered as an Employee under this Plan; or
- The date You are involved in any form of fraudulent act related to this Plan or any other group plan.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITION PROVISION

There are no pre-existing condition exclusions under this plan.

REINSTATEMENT OF COVERAGE

If Your coverage ends due to termination of employment and You qualify for eligibility under this Plan again (are rehired or considered to be rehired for purposes of the Affordable Care Act) within 13 weeks from the date Your coverage ended, Your coverage will be reinstated. If Your coverage ends due to termination of employment and You do not qualify for eligibility under this Plan again (are not rehired or considered to be rehired for purposes of the Affordable Care Act) within 13 weeks from the date Your coverage ended, and You did not perform any hours of service that were credited within the 13-week period, You will be treated as a new hire and will be required to meet all of the requirements of a new Employee.

If Your coverage ends due leave of absence, reduction of hours or lay-off and You qualify for eligibility under this Plan again within 30 days, You are eligible for coverage on the first day of the month following the date You again meet all the eligibility requirements of this Plan. If You qualify for eligibility under this Plan after the 30-day period, You must meet all requirements of a new Employee.

Refer to the information on Family and Medical Leave Act and the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Act for possible exceptions, or contact Your Human Resources or Personnel office.

HIPAA PRIVACY & PORTABILITY RIGHTS/ COBRA CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE

Important. Read this entire provision to understand a Covered Person's COBRA rights and obligations.

The following is a summary of the federal continuation requirements under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), as amended. This summary generally explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to You and Your family, and what You and Your Dependents need to do to protect the right to receive it. This summary provides a general notice of a Covered Person's rights under COBRA, but is not intended to satisfy all of the requirements of federal law. Your employer or the COBRA Administrator will provide additional information to You or Your Dependents as required.

The COBRA Administrator for this Plan is: UMR

INTRODUCTION

Federal law gives certain persons, known as Qualified Beneficiaries, the right to continue their health care benefits beyond the date that they might otherwise terminate. The Qualified Beneficiary must pay the entire cost of the COBRA continuation coverage, plus an administrative fee. In general, a Qualified Beneficiary has the same rights and obligations under the Plan as an active participant.

A Qualified Beneficiary may elect to continue coverage under this Plan if such person's coverage would terminate because of a life event known as a Qualifying Event, outlined below. When a Qualifying Event causes (or will cause) a Loss of Coverage, then the Plan must offer COBRA continuation coverage. Loss of Coverage means more than losing coverage entirely. It means that a person ceases to be covered under the same terms and conditions that are in effect immediately before the Qualifying Event. In short, a Qualifying Event plus a Loss of Coverage allows a Qualified Beneficiary the right to elect coverage under COBRA.

Generally, You, Your covered spouse, and Your Dependent Children may be Qualified Beneficiaries and eligible to elect COBRA continuation coverage even if the person is already covered under another employer-sponsored group health plan or is enrolled in Medicare at the time of the COBRA election.

COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE FOR QUALIFIED BENEFICIARIES

The length of COBRA continuation coverage that is offered varies based on who the Qualified Beneficiary is and what **Qualifying Event** is experienced as outlined below.

An Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary if coverage under the Plan is lost because either one of the following Qualifying Events happens:

Qualifying Event	Length of Continuation
• Your employment ends for any reason other than Your gross misconduct	up to 18 months
• Your hours of employment are reduced	up to 18 months

(There are two ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended. See the section below entitled "The Right to Extend Coverage" for more information.)

The spouse of an Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary if coverage is lost under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happen:

Qualifying Event	Length of Continuation
• Your spouse dies	up to 36 months
• Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced	up to 18 months
• Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct	up to 18 months
• Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both)	up to 36 months
• You become divorced or legally separated from Your spouse	up to 36 months

The Dependent Children of an Employee become Qualified Beneficiaries if coverage is lost under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happen:

Qualifying Event	Length of Continuation
• The parent-Employee dies	up to 36 months
• The parent-Employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct	up to 18 months
• The parent-Employee's hours of employment are reduced	up to 18 months
• The parent-Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both)	up to 36 months
• The parents become divorced or legally separated	up to 36 months

- The Child stops being eligible for coverage under the plan as a Dependent up to 36 months

Note: A spouse or Dependent Child newly acquired (newborn or adopted) during a period of continuation coverage is eligible to be enrolled as a Dependent. The standard enrollment provision of the Plan applies to enrollees during continuation coverage. A Dependent, other than a newborn or newly adopted Child, acquired and enrolled after the original Qualifying Event, is not eligible as a Qualified Beneficiary if a subsequent Qualifying Event occurs.

COBRA NOTICE PROCEDURES

THE NOTICE(S) A COVERED PERSON MUST PROVIDE UNDER THIS SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

To be eligible to receive COBRA continuation coverage, covered Employees and their Dependents have certain obligations with respect to certain Qualifying Events (including divorce or legal separation of the Employee and spouse or a Dependent Child's loss of eligibility for coverage as a Dependent) to provide written notices to the administrator. Follow the rules described in this procedure when providing notice to the administrators, either Your employer or the COBRA Administrator.

A Qualified Beneficiary's written notice must include all of the following information: (A form to notify the COBRA Administrator is available upon request.)

- The Qualified Beneficiary's name, their current address and complete phone number,
- The group number, name of the employer that the Employee was with,
- Description of the Qualifying Event (i.e., the life event experienced), and
- The date that the Qualifying Event occurred or will occur.

Send all notices or other information required to be provided by this Summary Plan Description in writing to:

**UMR
COBRA ADMINISTRATION
PO BOX 1206
WAUSAU WI 54402-1206
Phone Number: (715) 841-2918 or (800) 207-1824**

For purposes of the deadlines described in this Summary Plan Description, the notice must be postmarked by the deadline. In order to protect Your family's rights, the Plan Administrator should be informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. Keep a copy of any notices sent to the Plan Administrator or COBRA Administrator.

COBRA NOTICE REQUIREMENTS AND ELECTION PROCESS

EMPLOYER OBLIGATION TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE QUALIFYING EVENT

Your employer will give notice to the COBRA Administrator when coverage terminates due to Qualifying Events that are the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in hours, death of the Employee, or the Employee becoming entitled to Medicare benefits due to age or disability (Part A, Part B, or both). Your employer will notify the COBRA Administrator within 30 calendar days when these events occur.

EMPLOYEE OBLIGATION TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE QUALIFYING EVENT

The Covered Person must give notice to the Plan Administrator in the case of other Qualifying Events that are divorce or legal separation of the Employee and a spouse, a Dependent Child ceasing to be eligible for coverage under the Plan, or a second Qualifying Event. The covered Employee or Qualified Beneficiary must provide written notice to the Plan Administrator in order to ensure rights to COBRA continuation coverage. The Covered Person must provide this notice within the 60-calendar day period that begins on the latest of:

- The date of the Qualifying Event; or
- The date on which there is a Loss of Coverage (or would lose coverage); or
- The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed of this notice requirement by receiving this Summary Plan Description or the General COBRA Notice.

The Plan Administrator will notify the COBRA Administrator within 30 calendar days from the date that notice of the Qualifying Event has been provided.

The COBRA Administrator will, in turn, provide an election notice to each Qualified Beneficiary within 14 calendar days of receiving notice of a Qualifying Event from the employer, covered Employee or the Qualified Beneficiary.

MAKING AN ELECTION TO CONTINUE GROUP HEALTH COVERAGE

Each Qualified Beneficiary has the independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. A Qualified Beneficiary will receive a COBRA election form that must be completed to elect to continue group health coverage under this Plan. A Qualified Beneficiary may elect COBRA coverage at any time within the 60-day election period. The election period ends 60 calendar days after the later of:

- The date Plan coverage terminates due to a Qualifying Event; or
- The date the Plan Administrator provides the Qualified Beneficiary with an election notice.

A Qualified Beneficiary must notify the COBRA Administrator of their election in writing to continue group health coverage and must make the required payments when due in order to remain covered. If the Qualified Beneficiary does not choose COBRA continuation coverage within the 60-day election period, group health coverage will end on the day of the Qualifying Event.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS AND DATE COVERAGE BEGINS

No claims will be paid under this Plan for services the Qualified Beneficiary receives on or after the date coverage is lost due to a Qualifying Event. If, however, the Qualified Beneficiary has not completed a waiver and decides to elect COBRA continuation coverage within the 60-day election period, group health coverage will be reinstated back to the date coverage was lost, provided that the Qualified Beneficiary makes the required payment when due. Any claims that were denied during the initial COBRA election period will be reprocessed once the COBRA Administrator receives the completed COBRA election form and required payment.

If a Qualified Beneficiary previously waived COBRA coverage but revokes that waiver within the 60-day election period, coverage will not be retroactive to the date of the Qualifying Event but instead will be effective on the date the waiver is revoked.

PAYMENT FOR CONTINUATION COVERAGE

Qualified Beneficiaries are required to pay the entire cost of continuation coverage, which includes both the employer and Employee contribution. This may also include a 2% additional fee to cover administrative expenses (or in the case of the 11-month extension due to disability, a 50% additional fee). Fees are subject to change at least once a year.

If Your employer offers annual open enrollment opportunities for active Employees, each Qualified Beneficiary will have the same options under COBRA (for example, the right to add or eliminate coverage for Dependents). The cost of continuation coverage will be adjusted accordingly.

The **initial payment** is due no later than 45 calendar days after the Qualified Beneficiary elects COBRA as evidenced by the postmark date on the envelope. This first payment must cover the cost of continuation coverage from the time coverage under the Plan would have otherwise terminated, up to the time the first payment is made. If the initial payment is not made within the 45-day period, then coverage will remain terminated without the possibility of reinstatement. There is no grace period for the initial payment.

The due date for **subsequent payments** is typically the first day of the month for any particular period of coverage, however the Qualified Beneficiary will receive specific payment information including due dates, when the Qualified Beneficiary becomes eligible for and elects COBRA continuation coverage.

If, for whatever reason, any Qualified Beneficiary receives any benefits under the Plan during a month for which the payment was not made on time, then the Qualified Beneficiary will be required to reimburse the Plan for the benefits received.

If the COBRA Administrator receives a check that is missing information or has discrepancies regarding the information on the check (i.e., the numeric dollar amount does not match the written dollar amount), the COBRA Administrator will provide a notice to the Qualified Beneficiary and allow him/her 14 days to send in a corrected check. If a corrected check is not received within the 14-day timeframe, then the

occurrence will be treated as non-payment and the Qualified Beneficiary(s) will be termed from the Plan in accordance with the plan language above.

Note: Payment will not be considered made if a check is returned for non-sufficient funds.

A QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY'S NOTICE OBLIGATIONS WHILE ON COBRA

Always keep the COBRA Administrator informed of the current addresses of all Covered Persons who are or who may become Qualified Beneficiaries. Failure to provide this information to the COBRA Administrator may cause You or Your Dependents to lose important rights under COBRA.

In addition, after any of the following events occur, written notice to the COBRA Administrator is required within 30 calendar days of:

- The date any Qualified Beneficiary marries. Refer to the Special Enrollment section of this SPD for additional information regarding special enrollment rights.
- The date a Child is born to, adopted by, or Placed for Adoption by a Qualified Beneficiary. Refer to the Special Enrollment section of this SPD for additional information regarding special enrollment rights.
- The date of a final determination by the Social Security Administration that a disabled Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled.
- The date any Qualified Beneficiary becomes covered by another group health plan.
- Additionally, if the COBRA Administrator or the Plan Administrator requests additional information from the Qualified Beneficiary, the Qualified Beneficiary must provide the requested information within 30 calendar days.

LENGTH OF CONTINUATION COVERAGE

COBRA coverage is available up to the maximum periods described below, subject to all COBRA regulations and the conditions of this Summary Plan Description:

- For Employees and Dependents. 18 months from the Qualifying Event if due to the Employee's termination of employment or reduction of work hours. (If an active Employee enrolls in Medicare before his or her termination of employment or reduction in hours, then the covered spouse and Dependent Children would be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage for up to the greater of 18 months from the Employee's termination of employment or reduction in hours, or 36 months from the earlier Medicare Enrollment Date, whether or not Medicare enrollment is a Qualifying Event.)
- For Dependents only. 36 months from the Qualifying Event if coverage is lost due to one of the following events:
 - Employee's death.
 - Employee's divorce or legal separation.
 - Former Employee becomes enrolled in Medicare.
 - A Dependent Child no longer being a Dependent as defined in the Plan.

THE RIGHT TO EXTEND THE LENGTH OF COBRA CONTINUATION COVERAGE

While on COBRA continuation coverage, certain Qualified Beneficiaries may have the right to extend continuation coverage provided that written notice to the COBRA Administrator is given as soon as possible but no later than the **required** timeframes stated below.

Social Security Disability Determination (For Employees and Dependents): A Qualified Beneficiary may be granted an 11-month extension to the initial 18-month COBRA continuation period, for a total maximum of 29 months of COBRA in the event that the Social Security Administration determines the Qualified Beneficiary to be disabled some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage. This extension will not apply if the original COBRA continuation was for 36 months.

If the Qualified Beneficiary has non-disabled family members who are also Qualifying Beneficiaries, those non-disabled family members are also entitled to the disability extension.

The Qualified Beneficiary must give the COBRA Administrator a copy of the Social Security Administration letter of disability determination within 60 days of the later of:

- The date of the SSA disability determination;
- The date the Qualifying Event occurs;
- The date the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage due to the Qualifying Event or the date that Plan coverage was lost; or
- The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed of the requirement to notify the COBRA Administrator of the disability by receiving this Summary Plan Description or the General COBRA Notice.

Note: Premiums may be higher after the initial 18-month period for persons exercising this disability extension provision available under COBRA.

If the Social Security Administration determines the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled, the Qualified Beneficiary must notify the Plan of that fact within 30 days after the Social Security Administration's determination.

Second Qualifying Events: (Dependents Only) If Your family experiences another Qualifying Event while receiving 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and Dependent Children in Your family who are Qualified Beneficiaries can receive up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if notice of the second event is provided to the COBRA Administrator. This additional coverage may be available to the spouse or Dependent Children who are Qualified Beneficiaries if the Employee or former Employee dies, becomes entitled to Medicare (Part A, Part B or both) or is divorced or legally separated, or if the Dependent Child stops being eligible under the Plan as a Dependent. This extension is available only if the Qualified Beneficiaries were covered under the Plan prior to the original Qualifying Event. A Dependent acquired during COBRA continuation (other than newborns and newly adopted Children) is not eligible to continue coverage as the result of a subsequent Qualifying Event. These events will only lead to the extension when the event would have caused the spouse or Dependent Child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

You or Your Dependents must provide the notice of a second Qualifying Event to the COBRA Administrator within a 60-day period that begins to run on the latest of:

- The date of the second Qualifying Event; or
- The date the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage due to the second Qualifying Event; or
- The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed of the requirement to notify the COBRA Administrator of the second Qualifying Event by receiving this Summary Plan Description or the General COBRA Notice.

EARLY TERMINATION OF COBRA CONTINUATION

COBRA continuation coverage may terminate before the end of the above maximum coverage periods for any of the following reasons:

- The employer ceases to maintain a group health plan for any Employees. (Note that if the employer terminates the group health plan that the Qualified Beneficiary is under, but still maintains another group health plan for other similarly-situated Employees, the Qualified Beneficiary will be offered COBRA continuation coverage under the remaining group health plan, although benefits and costs may not be the same).
- The required contribution for the Qualified Beneficiary's coverage is not paid on time.
- After electing COBRA continuation coverage, the Qualified Beneficiary becomes entitled to and enrolled with Medicare.
- After electing COBRA continuation coverage, the Qualified Beneficiary becomes covered under another group health plan that does not contain any exclusion or limitation with respect to any Pre-Existing Condition(s) for the beneficiary.
- The Qualified Beneficiary is found not to be disabled during the disability extension. The Plan will terminate the Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage one month after the Social Security Administration makes a determination that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled.
- Termination for cause, such as submitting fraudulent claims.

SPECIAL NOTICE (Read This If Thinking Of Declining COBRA Continuation Coverage)

Electing COBRA continuation coverage now may protect some of Your (or Your Dependent's) rights if You or Your Dependent need to obtain an **individual health insurance policy** soon. The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) requires that all health insurance carriers who offer coverage in the individual market must accept any eligible individuals who apply for coverage without imposing Pre-Existing Condition exclusions, under certain conditions. Some of those conditions pertain to COBRA continuation coverage. To take advantage of this HIPAA right, COBRA continuation coverage under this Plan must be elected and maintained (by paying the cost of coverage) for the duration of the COBRA continuation period. In the event that an individual health insurance policy is needed, You or Your Dependent must apply for coverage with an individual insurance carrier after COBRA continuation coverage is exhausted and before a 63-day break in coverage.

If You or Your Dependent will be obtaining **group health coverage** through a new employer, keep in mind that HIPAA requires employers to reduce Pre-Existing Condition exclusion periods if there is less than a 63-day break in health coverage (Creditable Coverage).

ADVERSE BENEFIT DETERMINATION

Adverse Benefit Determination means a refusal of service to You when you contact Teladoc for medical assistance. Refusal of service will only occur when you or a dependent are no longer eligible for the plan, or have not reached your effective date.

APPEALS PROCEDURE FOR ADVERSE BENEFIT DETERMINATIONS

If a Covered Person disagrees with the refusal of service, the Covered Person or his/her Personal Representative can request that the Plan review its initial determination by submitting a written request to the Plan as described below.

A Covered Person should contact Goodwill's Human Resources Department by telephone at 336 724 3625 if they disagree with their denial of service.

First Level of Appeal: This is a **mandatory** appeal level. The Covered Person must exhaust the following internal procedures before any outside action is taken.

- Covered Persons must file the appeal within 180 days of the date they were refused coverage by Teladoc.
- Covered Persons or their Personal Representative will be allowed reasonable access to review or copy pertinent documents, at no charge.
- Covered Persons may submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim to explain why they believe the denial should be overturned. This information should be submitted at the same time the written request for a review is submitted.
- Covered Persons have the right to submit evidence that their claim is due to the existence of a physical or mental medical condition or domestic violence, under applicable federal nondiscrimination rules.
- The review will take into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted that relates to the claim. This would include comments, documents, records and other information that either were not submitted previously or were not considered in the initial benefit decision. The review will be conducted by individuals who were not involved in the original denial decision and are not under the supervision of the person who originally denied the claim.
- After the claim has been reviewed, Covered Persons will receive written notification letting them know if the claim is being approved or denied. The notification will provide Covered Persons with the information outlined under the Adverse Benefit Determination section above. It will also notify them of their right to file suit under ERISA after they have completed all mandatory appeal levels described in this SPD.

Second Level of Appeal: This is a **voluntary** appeal level. The Covered Person is not required to follow this internal procedure before taking outside legal action.

- Covered Persons who are not satisfied with the decision following the first appeal have the right to appeal the denial a second time.
- Covered Persons or their Personal Representative must submit a written request for a second review within 180 calendar days following the date received the Plan's decision regarding the first appeal. The Plan will assume that Covered Persons received the determination letter regarding the first appeal five days following the date the Plan sends the determination letter.

- Covered Persons may submit written comments, documents, records and other pertinent information to explain why they believe the denial should be overturned. This information should be submitted at the same time the written request for a second review is submitted.
- Covered Persons have the right to submit evidence that their claim is due to the existence of a physical or mental medical condition or domestic violence, under applicable federal nondiscrimination rules.
- The second review will take into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted that relates to the claim that either were not submitted previously or were not considered in the initial benefit decision. The review will be conducted by individuals who were not involved in the original denial decision or the first appeal, and are not under the supervision of those individuals.
- After the claim has been reviewed, the Covered Person will receive written notification letting them know if the claim is being approved or denied. The notification will provide the Covered Person with the information outlined under the Adverse Benefit Determination section above. It will also notify them of their right to file suit under ERISA after they have completed all mandatory appeal levels described in this SPD.

Regarding the above voluntary appeal level, the Plan agrees that any statutory limitations that are applicable to pursuing the claim in court will be put on hold during the period of this voluntary appeal process. The voluntary appeal process is available only after the Covered Person has followed the mandatory appeal level as required above. This Plan also agrees that it will not charge the Covered Person a fee for going through the voluntary appeal process, and it will not assert a failure to exhaust administrative remedies if a Covered Person elects to pursue a claim in court before following this voluntary appeal process. A Covered Person's decision about whether to submit a benefit dispute through this voluntary appeal level will have no effect on their rights to any other benefits under the Plan. For any questions regarding the voluntary level of appeal including applicable rules, a Covered Person's right to representation (Personal Representative) or other details, please contact the Plan. Refer to the ERISA Statement of Rights section of this SPD for details on a Covered Person's additional rights to challenge the benefit decision under section 502(a) of ERISA.

Appeals should be sent within the prescribed time period as stated above to:

All appeals should be sent directly to:
 Human Resources Department
 Goodwill Industries of Northwest North Carolina, Inc.
 2701 University Pky
 Winston-Salem, NC 27105

TIME PERIODS FOR MAKING DECISION ON APPEALS

After reviewing a claim that has been appealed, the Plan will notify the Covered Person of its decision within the following timeframes, although Covered Persons may voluntarily extend these timelines. In addition, if any new or additional evidence is relied upon or generated during the determination of the appeal, the Plan will provide it to You free of charge and sufficiently in advance of the due date of the response to the adverse benefit determination.

The timelines below will only apply to the mandatory appeal level. The voluntary appeal level will not be subject to specific timelines.

- Pre-Service Claim: Within a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances but no later than 30 calendar days after the Plan receives the request for review.
- Post-Service Claim: Within a reasonable period of time but no later than 60 calendar days after the Plan receives the request for review.
- Concurrent Care Claims: Before treatment ends or is reduced.

LEGAL ACTIONS FOLLOWING APPEALS

After completing all mandatory appeal levels through this Plan, Covered Persons have the right to further appeal Adverse Benefit Determinations by bringing a civil action under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA). Please refer to the ERISA Statement of Rights section of this SPD for more details. **No such action may be filed against the Plan after three years from the date the Plan gives the Covered Person a final determination on their appeal.**

FRAUD

Fraud is a crime that can be prosecuted. Any Covered Person who willfully and knowingly engages in an activity intended to defraud the Plan is guilty of fraud. The Plan will utilize all means necessary to support fraud detection and investigation. It is a crime for a Covered Person to file a claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information with intent to injure, defraud or deceive the Plan. In addition, it is a fraudulent act when a Covered Person willfully and knowingly fails to notify the Plan regarding an event that affects eligibility for a Covered Person. Notification requirements are outlined in this SPD and other Plan materials. Please read them carefully and refer to all Plan materials that you receive (i.e., COBRA notices). A few examples of events that require Plan notification would be divorce or a Dependent aging out of the Plan.

These actions will result in denial of the Covered Person's claim or termination from the Plan, and are subject to prosecution and punishment to the full extent under state and/or federal law.

Covered Persons must:

- Never allow another person to seek medical treatment under your identity. If your Plan identification card is lost, report the loss to the Plan immediately; and
- Answer all questions/ complete all forms whether paper or online format to the best of your knowledge.
- Notify the Plan when an event occurs that affects a Covered Person's eligibility.

OTHER FEDERAL PROVISIONS

FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT (FMLA)

If an Employee is on a family or medical leave of absence that meets the eligibility requirements under FMLA, Your employer will continue coverage under this Plan in accordance with state and federal FMLA regulations, provided that the following conditions are met:

- The Employee has written approved leave from the employer.

Coverage will be continued for up to the greater of:

- The leave period required by the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 and any amendment; or
- The leave period required by applicable state law.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

Under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), all Covered Persons shall have the right to:

RECEIVE INFORMATION ABOUT PLAN AND BENEFITS

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations (such as at work sites) all documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements if applicable, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration. No charge will be made for examining the documents at the Plan Administrator's principal office.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents that govern the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements if applicable, and copies of the latest annual report and updated summary plan description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

PRUDENT ACTIONS BY PLAN FIDUCIARIES

In addition to creating rights for Covered Persons, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of this Plan. The people who operate this Plan, called "Fiduciaries" of this Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of all Plan participants.

NO DISCRIMINATION

No one may terminate Your employment or otherwise discriminate against You or Your covered Dependents in any way to prevent You or Your Dependents from obtaining a benefit or exercising rights provided to Covered Persons under ERISA.

ENFORCING COVERED PERSONS' RIGHTS

If a claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, Covered Persons have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps an Employee can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if a Covered Person requests a copy of the Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and does not receive them within thirty (30) days, the Covered Person may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay the Covered Person up to \$110 a day until the materials are received, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If a claim for benefits is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, the Covered Person may file suit in a state or federal court. In addition, if a Covered Person disagrees with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a medical Child support order, the Covered Person may file suit in federal court. If it should happen that the Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money or if a Covered Person is discriminated against for asserting his or her rights, the Covered Person may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If the Covered Person is successful, the court may order the person sued to pay these costs and fees. If the Covered Person loses, the court may order the Covered Person to pay these costs and fees (for example, if it finds the claim to be frivolous).

ASSISTANCE WITH QUESTIONS

If there are any questions about this Plan, contact the Plan Administrator. For any questions about this statement or about a Covered Person's rights under ERISA, or for assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, Covered Persons should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in the telephone directory, or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. Covered Persons may also obtain certain publications about their rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publication hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

PLAN AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION INFORMATION

The Plan Sponsor fully intends to maintain this Plan indefinitely; however, the employer reserves the right to terminate, suspend or amend this Plan at any time, in whole or in part, including making modifications to the benefits under this Plan. No person or entity has any authority to make any oral change or amendments to this Plan. No agent or representative of this Plan will have the authority to legally change the Plan terms or SPD or waive any of its provisions, either purposefully or inadvertently. If a misstatement affects the existence of coverage, the true facts will be used in determining whether coverage is in force under the terms of this Plan and in what amount. The Plan Administrator will provide written notice to Covered Persons within 60 days following the adopted formal action that makes material reduction of benefits to the Plan, or may, in the alternative, furnish such notification through communications maintained by the Plan Sponsor or Plan Administrator at regular intervals no greater than 90 days.

COVERED PERSON'S RIGHTS IF PLAN IS AMENDED OR TERMINATED

If this Plan is amended, a Covered Person's rights are limited to Plan benefits in force at the time expenses are Incurred, whether or not the Covered Person has received written notification from the Plan Administrator that the Plan has been amended.

If this Plan is terminated, the rights of a Covered Person are limited to Covered Expenses Incurred before the Covered Person receives notice of termination. No person will become entitled to any vested rights under this Plan.

NO CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT

This Plan is not intended to be, and may not be construed as a contract of employment between any Covered Person and the employer.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Child (Children) means any of the following individuals with respect to an Employee: a natural biological Child; a step Child; a legally adopted Child or a Child legally Placed for Adoption; a Child under the Employee's or Spouse's permanent Legal Guardianship; or a Child who is considered an alternate recipient under a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (even if the Child does not meet the definition of "Dependent").

Close Relative means a member of the immediate family. Immediate family includes You, Your spouse, mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, step parents, step grandparents, siblings, step siblings, half siblings, Children, step Children and grandchildren.

Covered Person means an Employee or Dependent who is enrolled under this Plan.

Dependent – see Eligibility and Enrollment section of this SPD.

Effective Date means the first day of coverage under this Plan as defined in this SPD. The Covered Person's Effective Date may or may not be the same as their Enrollment Date, as Enrollment Date is defined in the Plan.

Employee – see Eligibility and Enrollment section of this SPD.

ERISA means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time and the applicable regulations.

FMLA means the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended.

HIPAA means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended from time to time, and the applicable regulations. This law gives special enrollment rights, prohibits discrimination, and protects privacy of protected health information among other things.

Physician means any of the following licensed practitioners, acting within the scope of their license in the state in which they practice, who perform services payable under this Plan: a doctor of medicine (MD),

Plan means GOODWILL INDUSTRIES OF NORTHWEST NORTH CAROLINA INC Teladoc benefit plan.

Plan Sponsor means an employer who sponsors a benefit plan or program.

Prescription means any order authorized by a medical professional for a Prescription or non-prescription drug that could be a medication or supply for the person for whom prescribed. The Prescription must be compliant with applicable laws and regulations and identify the name of the medical professional and the name of the person for whom prescribed. It must also identify the name, strength, quantity and the directions for use of the medication or supply prescribed.

Third Party Administrator (TPA) is a service provider hired by the Plan to process claims and perform other administrative services. The TPA does not assume liability for payment of benefits under this Plan.

Waiting Period means the period of time that must pass before coverage can become effective for an Employee or Dependent who is otherwise eligible to enroll under the terms of this Plan.

You, Your means the Employee.